

# **Partnering Opportunity**

**Profile status: Archived** 

## **Technology Offer**

# Molybdenum nanowires for the production of touchscreen materials and as starting materials for the preparation of lubricants and catalytic membranes

### **Summary**

A Slovenian research institute has developed a procedure for synthesizing molybdenum nanowires. The procedure is efficient, low-cost and scalable. Molybdenum nanowires may be used in various applications, including lubricant, catalysis or touchscreen technology. The researchers are looking for industry and research partners for license or technical cooperation agreements.

Creation Date 15 December 2016

Last Update 06 April 2018

**Expiration Date** 02 July 2018

Reference TOSI20161213001

Public Link https://een.ec.europa.eu/tools/services/PRO/Profile/Detail/fc17d308-a482-48bc-950a-6eb01446b3b2

#### **Details**

#### **Description**

Transition metals have a high technological utility value: molybdenum is used in applications accompanied by intense heating, such as the aircraft industry, electric contacts and industrial engines; it is also widely used in steel alloys to improve corrosion resistance. By developing nanomaterials, new properties are achieved and molybdenum nanostructures and its derivatives can be used in various applications, including lubricant, catalysis or touchscreen technology.



# enterprise europe network

Slovenian researchers have developed a method for a synthesis of molybdenum nanowires, having a diameter below 1 micrometer. Such nanowires are prepared from molybdenum sulphide iodide and result in chemical composition as metals (molybdenum). Slovenian researchers can adjust the process in such a way, that carbides, nitrides or sulfides are the final product, which affects the properties of material.

The method for producing molybdenum nanowires is carried out in a reaction vessel (such as a quartz tube) which is aerated with a mixture of gases consisting of argon as carrier gas and hydrogen as a reducing agent. The conversion is carried out at temperatures above 700 °C.

Slovenian researchers have produced 100 mg of molybdenum nanowires in one batch using the presented method, but the procedure is scalable.

#### Application:

Reduced size and large length-to-diameter and surface-to-volume ratios make molybdenum nanostructures and its derivatives technologically applicable in various devices and applications (e. g. nanoelectronics, composites). Applications include, but are not limited to, metal lubricants, touchscreen materials and catalysts in membranes with selective permeability.

The researchers are among the leading scientists in their respective departments, and regularly publish in high-impact scientific journals; they have experience in working in small-scale laboratory settings. They are experts in the field of inorganic and analytical chemistry, synthesis of new inorganic materials with special properties, and nanotechnology.

#### Type of cooperation and partner sought:

Since the technology aims to reach its full potential in an industrial setting where such nanomaterials are needed, industrial or other research partners are sought. The technology is in the field of new materials, therefore technical cooperation is sought in order to facilitate continuous development rather than only routine production. Particularly welcome are partners in developing procedures for mass production of the starting material, molybdenum sulfide iodide.

Slovenian researchers are also interested in licencing patented method to industry or SMEs, which are looking for new nanomaterials to apply them to their products.

#### **Advantages and innovations**

Several different techniques and ways of synthesizing nanowires of transition metals are known, yet no method has been described for a synthesis of macroscopic (large) quantities of these structures by chemical conversion by heating in the presence of hydrogen.

Slovenian scientists have developed efficient, low-cost and scalable method to fabricate pure molybdenum nanowires. In the presented technology, molybdenum sulphide iodide in nanowire form are treated in a quartz tube aerated with argon followed by aeration with a mixture of argon and hydrogen. This is followed by heating above 700°C. Following a cooling step, the material is recovered and consists of molybdenum nanowires.

#### Stage of development

Available for demonstration

#### **IPR Status**

Patents granted

#### **Comment Regarding IPR status**

Patent granted in Slovenia and PCT filed



# enterprise europe network

#### **Profile Origin**

National or Regional R&D programme

#### **Keywords**

**Technology** 

02002016 Microengineering and nanoengineering

02007010 Metals and Alloys 02007024 Nanomaterials

03004002 Inorganic Substances

05005 Micro- and Nanotechnology

Market

08001014 Lubricants and functional fluids

08001016 Commodity chemicals and polymers

08001017 Industrial chemicals 08001020 Electronic chemicals

NACE

M.72.1.9 Other research and experimental development on natural sciences and engin

#### **Network Contact**

#### **Issuing Partner**

**INSTITUT JOZEF STEFAN** 

#### **Contact Person**

Lutman Tomaz

#### Phone number

+38614773801

#### **Email**

tomaz.lutman@ijs.si

Open for EOI: Yes





#### **Dissemination**

#### Relevant sector groups

Materials

#### Client

### Type and Size of Organisation Behind the Profile

**R&D** Institution

Year Established

1949

**Turnover** 

20 - 50M

**Already Engaged in Trans-National Cooperation** 

Yes

**Languages Spoken** 

**English** 

**Client Country** 

Slovenia

## **Partner Sought**



# enterprise europe network

#### Type and Role of Partner Sought

Manufacturers and developers of lubricants, touchscreen materials and catalytic membranes, but also other industrial and research partners, interested in nanowire technology are sought.

The researchers are offering license agreements to industry or SME, interested in applying the patented method to their products.

Regarding the technical cooperation agreement sought, the Slovenian scientists would like to find a partner for the further technological development, by improving the existing method. Particularly welcome are partners in developing procedures for mass production of the starting material, molybdenum iodide.

#### Type and Size of Partner Sought

SME 11-50, University, R&D Institution, SME <10, >500 MNE, 251-500, SME 51-250, >500

#### **Type of Partnership Considered**

License agreement Technical cooperation agreement

#### **Attachments**



