# **Licensing opportunity**

Institut "Jožef Stefan", Ljubljana, Slovenija

center za prenos tehnologij in inovacij na Institutu "Jožef Stefan"

# A scalable environmentally friendly method for inactivation of viruses in water

Field of use

Hydroponic and aquaponic crops growing

Water disinfection / sterilization

#### **Technology areas**

Plasma physics Mechanical engineering Filtration and Membrane Processes Virus, Virology/Antibiotics/Bacteriology Biocontrol Food Processing Industrial Water Treatment

## Market areas:

Food and feed ingredients Water treatment equipment and waste disposal systems Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, Animal Husbandry & Related Products

> Stage of development Field tested/evaluated

## **IPR** status

Exclusive Rights Patent applied for but not yet granted Secret Know-how

#### **Developed by**

Jožef Stefan Institute University of Ljubljana National institute of biology

#### Summary

A consortium of Slovenian public research organizations has developed a new method and device for disinfection of water without chemicals. The method has been validated by a laboratory prototype. The researchers are looking for hydroponic plant production farms for technical cooperation and joint venture to further develop commercial water cleaning devices for hydroponic systems.

#### **Description of the Invention**

A multidisciplinary team of researchers of two Slovenian public research institutes and Slovenian university have invented a method and constructed a device for efficient deactivation of viruses (and other microorganisms) in water. The proposed innovative technology is completely chemicals-free and eco-friendly.

The solution combines two environmentally friendly methods, cold gaseous plasma and hydrodynamic cavitation, which efficiently inactivates waterborne viruses. For example, many important human pathogenic viruses can be transmitted by water and cause mild to severe gastrointestinal problems, more serious health complications and even death. On the other hand, plant viruses can destroy entire crops and results in high economic losses for the plant owner. After intensive market and technology research, the team aims to develop the device for water disinfection in irrigation systems for hydroponic farming. This is an initial application area. However, the technology has a wider potential in other applications such as wastewater treatment and processing of drinking water or disinfecting heavily polluted hospital water.

The team has all the necessary knowledge, infrastructure and resources to build and modify the prototypes, perform laboratory testing and microbial analysis, and monitor the efficiency of the sterilization process. Members of the team have been involved in industrial research and development for over 10 years. The team members developed an industrially implemented technology for plasma treatment of surfaces, obtained the EU patent, constructed the production line, and optimized the production at the large industrial company which has over 50% of the global market share in the segment of composite commutators for car pumps.

The team is willing to establish a spin-out company to develop and commercialize the devices which are able to lower the virus concentration 4-5 log for smaller volumes, i.e., 60 L/h, with a possibility to scale up more devices for bigger volumes in applications for closed irrigation systems and highly-contaminated discharge water from hospitals. Currently, the team does not need any help with development of the device for installing it in a pilot system. Still, the



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Center for Technology Transfer and Innovation, Jozef Stefan Institute, E-mail: <u>tehnologije@ijs.si</u> Web: http://tehnologije.ijs.si/ team would require a partner to provide the space and hydroponic facility for installing a pilot system and further extensive testing and development of the water disinfection device under technical cooperation agreement.

The researchers do not have financing resources to finance the partner under technical cooperation agreement. The partner should be able to invest and allocate their resources in the project. Slovenian researchers' consortia will also seek public funds (preferably EU structural and/or regional funds). In case of interest of the partner sought, they are willing to apply with the partner for a project worth 2-3 M€. In addition to the partner with ability to provide the hydroponic facility, the project partners would be academic institutions (experts in plasma science, hydrodynamic cavitation, virology), equipment producers (treatment chambers, pumps, powerful plasma sources, installation devices), and companies specialized in automation, software, remote control, etc.

 Additionally, after installation and testing of a pilot system, a partner's contribution in the detailed assessment of potential markets and applications will be highly appreciated. The partner's ability to actively participate in the final development of variations of commercial product for different applications, and with possibility to invest in the product manufacturing, measurements and calibration, certification, counselling, product support, customer acquisition and marketing, under the joint venture agreement would be a surplus.

#### **Stage of Development**

The researchers have developed and successfully tested a prototype of the device in a laboratory environment. The optimized version of the laboratory prototype enables smooth operation and highly repeatable results. Long-lasting experiments have not been performed yet. The researchers have tested the device on a model virus and have accomplished total virus inactivation. They have used 10- to 1000times higher virus concentrations that can be found in nature (treatment time varies, of course). As a next step, the team plans to build a pilot system in a partner's hydroponic farm.

## **Main Advantages**

In recent years, novel waterborne viral inactivation technologies, such as autoclaving, membrane filtration, toxic chemicals, reverse osmosis, ultraviolet light and ozone treatments, gamma rays, and hydrodynamic cavitation, have been developed, each of which has its advantages and limitations. For example, treatment by ultraviolet radiation or ozone is only feasible for the disinfection of small quantities of contaminated water in limited efficiency. On the other hand, chlorination, or similar chemical methods, which are used for widescale water disinfection, represent a potential environmental hazard. Chlorinated water released to the environment can cause adverse changes to many useful, but chlorine susceptible microbes. Typical disadvantages of commercially available technologies are cost inefficiency, scalability problems, unsustainable power usage, production of waste and toxic intermediates, and insufficient virus inactivation. For example, chlorine production is a dirty, environmentally harmful process.



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The inventive combination of hydrodynamic cavitation and plasma technology enables no production of waste or toxic by-products at minimal running costs. The system comprises only a water pump, a specifically designed cavitation chamber where a large cavitation bubble is generated, and a low-power plasma device.

To summarize, the main advantages of the proposed method are:

- no use of chemicals and zero waste production in the process;
  lower energy consumption as opposed to heat-related
- solutions;
- lower maintenance costs as opposed to solutions with chemicals, filtration, and ozone;
- higher virus inactivation efficiency.

## **Partner Sought**

Hydroponic crop production farms are sought for cooperation under the following agreements.

#### Technical cooperation agreement:

to cooperate in building a pilot water disinfection system for hydroponic irrigation under test. The partner should be able to provide space, hydroponic facility and a batch of crops to be extensively tested with specific plant viruses. After successful technical cooperation, a partner might get the ownership of the pilot/operating system.

#### Joint venture agreement:

to commercialize the solution. A specific partner's contribution would be in the detailed market assessments, final development of variations of commercial product. The possibility to invest in manufacturing, measurements and calibration, certification, counselling, product support, customer acquisition and marketing, would be a surplus.



Picture of the water sterilization prototype.